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REYNOLDS HISTORICAL
GENEALOGY COLLECTION

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THE ALLIED FAMILIES

of

LINTON

CHICHESTER

ULLE



Compiled and Edited By

WILLIAM C. LINTON

Washington, D.C.

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HERALDIC DESCRIPTION OF LINTON

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Linton

ARMS — Gules, an eagle displayed argent, three roses of the first.

CREST — An eagle's head erased proper.

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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U.S.A.

HERALDS



Linton

HERALDRY

Heraldry is defined as the art of science of blazoning or describing in appropriate technical terms coats of arms and other heraldic and armorial insignia. The system is of very ancient origin. We can trace it back to the Jewish tribes; and subsequently we find it in a more elaborate form in the leading families of Greece and Rome, who bore distinguishing symbols of, or pertaining to, deeds of valor or merit performed by their ancestors.

In its modern sense, however, the heraldic art dates from the time of the Crusades, and was reduced to its present perfect system by the French; and it was not until that period that the crest of cognizance was generally adopted. The crest is a device worn on top of the shield, usually placed on a wreath, and was borne by knights and other personages of rank, when clad in armor, to distinguish them in battle, and as a mark for their followers and supporters. At first these badges were worn on the helmet, to render them more plainly visible, or on the arm, but in later times were transferred to the shield or armor. Many families have preserved their mottoes, or watch-words, which usually represent some characteristic of the family, or sometimes the war cry of the clan. Others never adopted a motto, just as many never adopted a crest.

An erroneous idea is entertained by some that heraldic symbols denote an aristocratic or exclusive class and is undemocratic in its origin and permanency. On the contrary, these badges of distinction were the reward of personal merit, and could be secured by the humblest as well as the highest. They are today the testimonials and warrants of bravery, heroism, and meritorious deeds of our ancestors; and they appeal to the pride of the intelligent and enlightened descendants of these distinguished families today, as the valiant deeds and self-sacrificing acts of contemporary persons would to their posterity.

Sally Chichester Linton

THE FAMILY NAME OF LINTON

The name Linton is a very common one, and is found in many parts of the world. It is a name of English origin, and is derived from the name of a town in the county of Lincoln. The name Linton is also found in many other parts of the world, and is a name of great antiquity. The name Linton is a name of great antiquity, and is a name of great importance. The name Linton is a name of great antiquity, and is a name of great importance. The name Linton is a name of great antiquity, and is a name of great importance.



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At the time of her marriage on
February 23, 1886.

THE FAMILY NAME OF LINTON

The name LINTON is of genealogical significance and obviously is a coined word consisting of "Lin" and "ton". The suffix "ton" originally defined as an enclosed piece of ground where one or more families resided, later known as a village, town or city. The word "Lyn" or "line" in Celtric means a pool. The linn or lake has long been drained off, but the ton or enclosure by the linn gave the name to the place and to one or more families who owned land there. Therefore, the name LINTON is one of the former class of topographical names arising from the ownership of property in land; and a place gave rise to the name is easily found. There is an ancient parish in Wharfedale of this name, which includes Grassington, Hebden, Threshfield, etc., also in Yorkshire and others near Wetherly and Ouse, 9 miles N.W. of York, England. On the coast of Somerset, England, by an inlet leading to the British Channel is the town of Lynton and anyone of which, if ancient, may have given rise to a family of the same name.

Families of this name are said to have been derived from the residence of its first bearers at a place of that name in England and were to be found at an early date in the English counties of Cambridge, Devon, Kent, Hereford, York, Derby, Worchester and London, as well as various parts of Scotland and were for the most part, of the land gentry of Great Britain. It is found on the ancient records in various forms of LINTONE, LYNTON and LINTON of which the last form mentioned is that most generally accepted today, both in America and in England.

Among the ancient christian names most highly favored, were Robert, Jeffrey, James, Hugh, Moses, Thomas, Mathew, John and William. After the 10th century, when surnames were required, they at first adapted the name de LYNTON. The Norman "de" was given to identify ownership in land of the topographical name of LYNTON, as JOHN de LYNTON of the township of Lynton. This name occurs with the same spelling in a deed No. 365 of June 13, 1352.

However, among the earliest recorded names in England are William de Lynton of Worchestershire 1272; Richard de Lynton of London in 1273; Robert de Lynton of Cambridge about 1273; Hugh de Lynton of Yorkshire in 1292; those of Robert de Lynton of Yorkshire about 1352; those of Laurencius de Lynton of Yorkshire in 1379; those of William de Lynton of Yorkshire in 1400; those of Thomas and Alice Lynton of the same place in 1408; those of John Lynton and his wife Agnes in 1473 and those of Robert Lynton, who married Katherine Johnson in 1545.

In the latter half of the seventeenth century one Jeffrey Linton was living in Yorkshire and was the father of at least one son, Reverend John Linton and probably of William and the others as well; and one Thomas Linton of London is said to have had one son named William in the year of 1686.

At Frieston Parish, Yorkshire Village of Stillington the earliest records begin in 1666 with the numerous entires of the forgotten de Lyntons, Lyntons and Lintons. The "de" was dropped during the 15th century. One of the wills proved, for instance, was that of John Lynton of York, Cordiner, March 31, 1400 and William Lynton of Scheffield, December 31, 1400.

The first family to emigrate to America appears to be that of one Richard Linton, who settled at Medford, Massachussetts about 1630 and later made his home at Watertown in the same colony. In 1643, he moved to Lancaster where he died in 1665 leaving at least one child, Ann, and possibly others as well, although no further definite records have been found concerning his immediate family descendants. Ann married in September, 1645, to Laurence Waters.

One family of Lintons was originally of Scottish origin. The Baronety of Lynton which was created by the Scottish Kings towards the latter part of the 16th century, hence Sir Walter Lynton, Baronet. Sir Walter retired on a Royal Grant in the County of Cumberland, England, where he lived and died about the middle of the 17th century.

It is claimed by some authorities that one Sir Roger Lynton of Yorkshire was a son of Sir Walter and had six sons, Roger, James, John, Benjamin, Samuel, and David. John Linton married Rebecca Relf in 1691, was of Quaker faith and emigrated to America in 1692, making his home in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. Later or about 1700 John Linton was followed by brother David, leaving his older brothers in England.

One Thomas Linton left London, England, on the ship "Betty" in January 1685 and probably settled in North Carolina.

Another John Linton, the son of a Scottish-Irish farmer, named William Linton, is said to have settled in Baltimore, Maryland, after emigrating to America in 1795. He later moved to Franklin County, Pennsylvania, where he and his wife Ann Parts, had six children, Mary, Robert P., Jame, John, Eliza and Louisa.

The descendants of the foregoing and probably other branches of the families in America have spread to all parts of the United States and Canada and have figured strongly in the building of our nation. They have been noted for their energy, industry, resourcefulness, initiative, mental ability and artistic accomplishments.

Among the Lintons who fought in the war of the Revolution were, Ensign William of Virginia; Lieutenant John of Virginia; Lieutenant William of North Carolina; John and Zechhauah of Massachusetts; Colonel Thomas Linton of North Carolina and numerous others from New England to the Southern Colonies. Charlotte Fannie Holmead, nee Chichester, was a member of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

During the forepart of the 18th century middle names begin to appear, as Christian and surnames were not sufficient to differentiate the persons of the same surnames. For the most part the Lintons adapted family names, such as Monroe, Elliott, Tyler, Bingham, Ulle, Chichester, Morgan and King.

The middle name "Augustine" was first adapted by the Linton's in 1758 by John and Elizabeth Linton who had two sons William Augustine Elliott Linton and John Augustine Elliott Linton. Being unable to trace the surname Augustine, as a family name, I believe that the foregoing Lintons adapted the same due to their prior families close association and admiration of the Washington Families.

John Washington and his English forefathers were members of the Church of England and therefore, I am inclined to believe that the Virginia Washingtons adapted the name Augustine after St. Augustine, the first Archbishop of Canterbury who presented to the English Colonial Colonies the Great Works of his first book, known as the Big Prayer Book imported by George Washington in 1761 and now still among the books of the Archives of the New Pohick Church.

John Washington emigrated from Northamptonshire, England in 1657 and owned land in the Northern Neck of Westmoreland County between the Potomac and Rappahanock Rivers.

His son Augustine Washington died in 1743 at his farm on the Rappahanock River opposite Fredericksburg.

George Washington, the first President of the United States was born at Bridge Creek, Westmoreland County February 22, 1732 and moved to Mount Vernon in 1744 where he died in 1799. His brothers were John Augustine Washington and Col. William Augustine Washington. A son of John Augustine Washington, before 1807 purchased Kalorma, an estate of between 30 and 40 acres in Washington, D. C., which was part of the Holmead property. Lund Washington born in 1767 and died in 1853 was a nephew of George Washington. He was buried in Congressional Cemetery at Washington, D. C.

The first families of the Monroes, Tyler, Washington and Lyntons who settled in Westmoreland County, Virginia, were members of the old Colonial Pohick Church built in 1700 and occupied a site on the south side of Pohick Run about two miles from the ferry across the Occoquan River, in Prince William

County. Bull Run enters the Occoquan River about 14 miles above the Potomac River. John and Augustine Washington were Vestry men in 1735. John Lynton was also a vestryman before 1745 and Moses Lynton was named a Parish voter in 1744.

George Washington together with George Mason, the author of the Declaration of Rights were elected to the Vestry of the old Colonial Pohick Church on October 25, 1762 and William Lynton the son of Sussanah Monroe was also re-elected on July 22, 1765. In 1767 the frame building of the old Pohick Church was beyond repair and they decided to build the present Pohick Church, in Fairfax County, six miles south of Mount Vernon. This new Pohick Church building was started in 1769, but not finished until 1774. William Lynton was again elected as vestryman of the new Pohick Church for a term of 1770-1772, but on November 28, 1770, a new vestryman was elected in place of William Lynton, deceased. This latter replacement, was the first break in the ranks of the vestrymen since July 1705, when William Lynton was first elected. Lund Washington was elected as a vestryman for the term 1784-1785.

On January 1, 1730, the House of Burgess formed the Hamilton Parish including the Church at Broad Run which later became the first Church to serve Prince William and Fauquier Counties. William Augustine and John Augustine Linton were Vestrymen of the Hamilton Parish.

Among the English Lintons of Great Britain were: Rev. John Linton, Vicar of Frieston 1711-1771; his son Rev. John Linton was also Vicar 1771-1772 and his son Rev. John Linton from 1782-1800. The Rev. James Linton of Hemingford Abbots, Hunts 1792-1872 and Rev. Henry Linton of Stirtloe, who was the Hon. Can. of Christ Church, Oxford.

It is not known from which of the many branches of the families in Great Britain the first emigrants to America were descended, but it is claimed that all of the de Lyntons, Lyntons and Lintons were of a common ancestry at a remote period.

LINTON, MONROE, TYLER and GRAYSON FAMILIES

It appears that Moses Lynton resided in Lower Norfolk County, Virginia, before it was formed in 1637 and his sons, John and William Lynton, in 1653 settled in Northumberland County which was formed in 1648. Westmoreland County was cut from Northumberland County in 1653 and extended all along the Potomac River to above Georgetown and Great Falls. Later the following Counties were cut from Westmoreland. Stafford in 1664, Fairfax in 1692, Prince William in 1731 and Loudoun in 1757.

Several of the members of these early Virginia families, residing in Westmoreland County, intermarried and it has been a genealogical puzzle in unravelling their pedigrees. However, by the following I have set forth a narrative of these Virginia Families as understood by me from old records and publications of prior genealists and I still have doubt as to whether the same would stand up in a Court of Law.

MONROE FAMILY

CAPTAIN HECTOR MONROE, a variant of the Scottish clan named Munro, was a British Officer under the Reign of Charles I who emigrated to America in 1637 and settled on Kent Island Maryland.

ANDREW MONROE, a son of Captain Hector Monroe was also a former British Officer and as a Mariner, sailed across the Potomac River from Maryland in 1644 to Northumberland County, Virginia, where he obtained Grants of land in Northumberland County in 1650 and in Westmoreland County in 1653. In July, 1664, he was elected to the Vestry of the Appomatox Parish in Westmoreland County. He married Elizabeth Tyler, who died in 1667, she was the daughter of William Tyler who emigrated to America in 1654. Andrew Monroe's Will was probated in 1668 and only mentioned a son, Andrew Jr. and a fourth child, Sussanah who married the first time to William Lynton. His other children were Mary who died on January 5, 1661, Elizabeth who married Bruce Roe and a son William Monroe who died on March 30, 1737, age 71.

ANDREW MONROE, JR., a son of Andrew and Elizabeth Tyler, was born in 1661 and died in 1714. He married Eleanor Spence, daughter of Patrick (born in 1634 and died in 1685) and his wife Dorcas Spence. Andrew married the second time to Sarah, widow of John Elliott in 1707. Eleanor married the second time to Dr. James Blankhead on August 20, 1738. Eleanor and Andrew Monroe had two sons.

ANDREW MONROE III, the second son of Andrew and Eleanor Monroe, was born in 1697 and died in 1735. He married Christina Tyler, the daughter of Jane and John Tyler, the great grandfather of President John Tyler.

SPENCE MONROE, the eldest son of Andrew and Eleanor Monroe, died on February 16, 1774. He had married Elizabeth Jones, who with her father, James Jones, emigrated to America from Wales, England, and their third son.

JAMES MONROE, fifth President of the United States, was born on Monroe Creek, which empties into the Potomac River between Mathox and Mosier Creeks of Westmoreland County, April 28, 1758 and died on January 4, 1831. He married Elizabeth Kortright (1768-1830), daughter of Captain Laurence Kortright.

TYLER FAMILY

HENRY TYLER was born in 1604 and died in 1672, he came from Shopshire, England, and emigrated to York County, Virginia, about 1640 and had a son, Henry Tyler (1652-1710).

WILLIAM TYLER, a brother of Henry Tyler, emigrated to America in 1654, at which latter date he owned land in Westmoreland County. He had a daughter, Elizabeth, who married Andrew Monroe I, parents of Sussanah Monroe. William Tyler died in 1667.

HENRY TYLER was born on January 7, 1652 and died in 1710. He was the patentee of lands in James City County, where he lived in the City of Williamsburg in 1697. He married in 1683 to Elizabeth Chiles and had the following children:

1. Henry B., died on September 27, 1684.
2. John, born about 1685.
3. Elizabeth, died on July 30, 1695.
4. Francis, born in 1687. He married Rebecca and had the following sons:
 - A. Henry, who married Alice Strothers.
 - B. Francis, married May 17, 1744 to Ann Strothers, sister of Alice. Their daughter Elizabeth married Moses Linton, son of William and Sussanah Monroe Lynton.

JOHN TYLER was born about 1685, son of Henry and Elizabeth Tyler and great-great grandfather of President John Tyler, married Jane Jarrett who died in 1733. They had three sons and one daughter:

1. Christina, who married Andrew Monroe III.
2. Joseph, in his will probated December 3, 1737, names his sister Christina, brother Charles, cousins Eleanor Monroe, Spence, Andrew and William Monroe.
3. Charles, the great grandfather of President John Tyler will was probated February 26, 1723, and married Sussanah Monroe Lynton. They had one son, Captain Charles Tyler and a daughter, Sussanah who was born in 1695 and died in November, 1752.

4. William, who died in 1736, married Margaret Pratt, daughter of John Pratt, Jr., of King George County. Their son William married in 1755 to Ester Jones, daughter of Hester and James Jones. She was the sister of Elizabeth who married Spence Monroe.

CAPTAIN CHARLES TYLER, son of Charles and Sussanah Monroe Tyler and grandfather of President John Tyler. His will was appraised April 12, 1768, and he no doubt died before that date at Cameron Parish, Loudoun County. He married Ann Moore, daughter of William Moore whose will was proved October 16, 1769. Ann Moore Tyler's will was dated April 10, 1769 and proved June 13, 1769. She no doubt died before June 13, 1769. They had the following children:

1. William born December 27, 1747 and died on March 1, 1843.
2. Spence
3. Benjamin
4. Charles, married Jane who later married William Woffendale.
5. John, the father of President John Tyler was born on February 27, 1747 and married Margaret Armistead.

Spence, Benjamin and Charles were each under 16 years of age when their mother died in 1769.

WILLIAM TYLER, a son of Captain and Ann Moore Tyler, was born on December 27, 1747 and died on March 1, 1843. He married Letty George on August 15, 1774 and they lived at Woodlawn in Prince William County. Letty Tyler's will, probated January 10, 1793, mentions the widow Margaret of her son John then deceased and her other children as follows:

1. Charles, married a Miss Muskett of Maryland and had daughters Nancy and Ienez Tyler.
2. William, in his will of June 6, 1794 names his wife Sarah E., a daughter of John M. and Seignoma Tyler who later married the second time and used the name of Seignoma Nelso. William and Sarah E. Tyler had a daughter, Melly who married George Tillett.
3. George G. married Cecilia Ann Brown and their son Samuel Tyler, was born in James City County in 1776.
4. Sarah (Sally) married John E. A. Linton on March 22, 1795.
5. John Webb married his niece Margaret Tyler, a daughter of George G. Tyler. They had one son, John Webb Tyler, a Judge of the Supreme Court, who died in Fauquier County in 1862.

JUDGE JOHN TYLER, a son of Captain and Ann Moore Tyler, was born in Prince William County, February 27, 1747 and in 1772 he moved to Charles City County, where he married Margaret Armistead, daughter of Robert Armistead. She died on January 6, 1813. He was Judge of the

State and Federal Courts and Governor (1809-1811). They had the following children:

1. Maria who married William Augustine Linton. He died in 1791. She died in 1837.
2. William, will proved in 1793 by his wife Margaret Pratt.
3. John (1790-1862)

PRESIDENT JOHN TYLER, a son of John and Margaret Tyler, was born at Greenway, Charles City County on March 22, 1790. He was a lawyer, Episcopalian and Governor (1825-1827). First Chief Executive not chosen by Electoral College as he succeeded President Harrison on his death April 3, 1837. At the age of 51 he was inaugurated President of the United States in 1841. He first married Letitia Christian and had seven children. He was the first president married in the White House when he married the second time to Julia Gardiner, age 24 and they had seven children, making a total of 14 in all. He was 70 years old when his last child Pearl Tyler Ellis was born. He was buried at the age of 72 in Hollywood County.

GRAYSON FAMILY

BENJAMIN GRAYSON, was a Scottish emigrant from Glasgow who first settled in the Scottish Colony at Dumfries when it was first located in Westmoreland County. Dumfries is now the oldest established town in Prince William County. In a published article by one John B. Brady, born in 1871 in Warrenton, Virginia, it states "that his Grandfather, Benjamin Grayson, married a wealthy widow, Sussanah Monroe, a sister of Spence Monroe, the father of President James Monroe." Benjamin's Will was probated on March 29, 1742, it is stated that he died in 1739.

Benjamin and his wife Sussanah Monroe Grayson, first settled at Colchester, on the Occoquan River, Prince William County. He became known as a wealthy merchant who did an extensive business throughout the surrounding counties. They later moved to Dumfries and lived at Grayson Hill about 0.3 miles from U.S. Route 1 on County Road 629 where now exists a church and large much neglected cemetery.

CAPTAIN BENJAMIN GRAYSON, was the son of Benjamin and Sussanah Grayson. At about 18 years of age he married Elizabeth on April 17, 1731, and they resided at Bel-Air, a site overlooking the Potomac River, an estate of 1,000 acres with a fine mansion. The entrance to Bel-Air is marked by a gate on U.S. Route 1 about 2.2 miles north from the Occoquan River. The Graysons are buried in the family vault at Bel-Air. Captain

Benjamin Grayson's Will was probated on April 16, 1760, and in a deed recorded in Prince William County he names his sons, Rev. Spence and William Grayson out of his four children, as follows:

1. Rev. Spency Grayson was born in 1734 and died at Dumfries in 1793. He married Elizabeth Wagner, who died in November, 1752. He was a Minister of Cameron Parish in 1774 and inherited his father's estate at Bel-Air.
2. Sussanah Grayson, was born in 1735, married at the age of 16 years to John Orr, born on July 25, 1726, at Leedstown, the son of Alexander and Auguson Orr of Whitesides. Their daughter, Sussanah Grayson Orr, born on May 29, 1768, married on November 25, 1795 to William Berry Taylor and settled in Kentucky. Her mother married the second time to Lund Washington on February 11, 1793.
3. Benjamin - no record.
4. William, was born in 1736, married Eleanor Smallwood. He was a statesman and a Colonel in the Revolutionary Army, being appointed Aide-de-Camp to General Washington on August 24, 1776. He was the first Senator elected to the U.S. Congress. He graduated from the University of Pennsylvania in 1760. He died at Dumfries, Virginia, on March 12, 1790.

SUSSANAH MONROE, was the fourth child and daughter of Andrew Monroe according to his will of 1668. His first child was born in 1661 and his younger son, William, was born in 1666. As Sussanah Monroe Grayson, died in 1736 at Dumfries, Virginia, at the age of 71 years, she probably was born in 1665. Her Will was probated in May, 1739.

She first married WILLIAM LYNTON and had three sons, William, John and Moses Lynton, all of whom were born before 1690 when Sussanah Monroe was less than 25 years of age.

Her second marriage was to CHARLES TYLER. They had one son, Captain Charles Tyler and a daughter, Sussanah was born in 1695 and died in November, 1752. Charles Tyler and his wife Sussanah owned land in Westmoreland County in 1690 and for this latter reason it is believed her sons, William, John and Moses, were born before she was 25 years of age as she married Charles Tyler before 1690. The Will of Charles Tyler was probated February 26, 1723; executors named were his grandson Charles, and wife Ann, and William Lynton, son of Sussanah Monroe and William Lynton.

She married the third time to Benjamin Grayson, but no record is found as to the date of their marriage, nor the death of her second husband, Charles Tyler. Their son, Captain Benjamin Grayson, was born in 1713 when Sussanah was about 48 years of age, and therefore I am inclined to believe that their son was either adopted or a son of Benjamin Grayson

Historical documents of 1771 were gathered on April 10, 1771 and a list
presented to the House of Commons. Among the names on the list were John
and Thomas, who were the first to be named.

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by a previous marriage. Her son, Moses Lynton, was named executor in her Will probated May, 1739 and also that of her husband, Benjamin Grayson's Will probated March 29, 1742 in which he named as beneficiary, his only son, Captain Benjamin Grayson. In Sussanah's Will, probated in May, 1739, names as beneficiaries her son, John Lynton, grandson John Augustine Elliott Linton and granddaughter Selbella Linton.

Sussanah Monroe was apparently the great aunt of President James Monroe and the great, great, grandmother of President John Tyler. Her son, William Lynton, was a vestryman of the Pohick Church along with George Washington and George Mason.

Her grandson, Colonel William Grayson was in 1776, appointed an aide to General George Washington and he was the first Senator elected from the State of Virginia, to the United States Congress, and her grandson, John Augustine Elliott Linton was the original owner of the Linton Ford Plantation where is now located the Linton Hall Military School at Bristow, Virginia.

Sussanah Monroe, and her father, Andrew Monroe, like many other Scottish Highlanders of that day, were unable to read or write. Among several recorded deeds for the transfer of property their signatures are represented by the conventional mark "X".

The Virginia County Records of birth, marriage and deaths were destroyed during the Civil War and none are now available before 1853. Records of Wills and deeds were preserved and from these latter and other publications available to me have made it possible to give certain dates of birth, marriage and deaths, as well as to assume such dates.

THE LINTON FAMILY

From John Camden Holten's book, published in 1832, entitled "THE ORIGINAL LIST OF PERSONS OF QUALITY" who left England, between 1600 and 1700 after professing their allegiance to the Crown and the Laws of the Church of England, lists NICO LYNTON who sailed on the ship "Expedition" from London on November 20, 1635, at the age of 22. Apparently Nico Lynton was born in 1613. This author, John Camden Holten, was in 1832 somewhat kind in calling these emigrants "Persons of Quality" as all early emigrants from England, from 1600 to 1700 were previously called "felons and vile criminals" and their families left in England were shamed upon and at times subjected to bodily harm. Not being able to locate any prior family of Nico Lynton, it is believed that the fictitious name "NICO" was used so as to prevent recognition of his family left in England.

When Nico Lynton landed in Virginia in 1635, the Colonial Statistics of the State give an estimated population of about 2500 persons, including about 200 slaves and some Indians. The daily wage paid was with tobacco of 20 pounds, or two shillings for laborers, and five shillings for skilled workers, with board. Even the clergy wages were paid with tobacco and also land and other property was paid for with tobacco until about 1700.

From the early register of marriage bonds in Lower Norfolk County, Virginia, I find Moses Lynton born in 1613, married in 1659, at the age of 46 to DOROTHY, age 30, and having three children, William, John and Thomas. In several recorded deeds, Moses Lynton appears as attorney and in one deed recorded April 16, 1660, named the Church of Norfolk County of which he was a vestryman.

From the foregoing, I am inclined to believe that Nico and Moses Lynton are one and the same person, not only because they were born in the same year, 1613 and of the same faith, but because the Nico was used to prevent any shame upon his family left in England. And still further, our previous knowledge of the LYNTONS tracing it back to the Yorkshire Village at Stillington where numerous entries of the forgotten Lyntons are preserved in the Parish Register of Freiston in 1666, appears the Christian names of Sussanah, William, John, Moses and Thomas. In the early years of the first Register records, Jane, the wife of Thomas Lynton was buried on January 30, 1617, and had one son Moses. Therefore, I am of the belief that Nico or Moses Lynton was a descendant of the Yorkshire family of Lyntons.

Moses Lynton's will, dated November 23, 1676, and proved June 15, 1677, names his wife Dorothy and only one son Moses Linton, who, at the date of his father's will, on 1676, was 16 years of age.

MOSES LINTON, son of Moses and Dorothy Lynton, in his will dated December 2, 1692, and proved July 17, 1693, names his wife Elizabeth, a daughter of Elizabeth Ball, the wife of Richard Ball. They had one son William.

WILLIAM LINTON, the son of Moses and Elizabeth Linton, in his will proved on February 6, 1733, according to the Westmoreland County Recorded Wills, names his wife, Mary, daughter of James Smith and their Children as follows:

1. Anthony was married and his daughter Lettice married Joseph Carter on February 5, 1755. They had one son Anthony, born on December 14, 1755.
2. William died without heirs.
3. John married in 1694 to Jane Liburne Rogers, a daughter of William Liburne whose will was probated in October, 1705. Jane had married before to Charles Rogers and had a daughter Jane Rogers Carter. John and Jane Linton owned land in Warwick County in 1704.

4. Elizabeth married Lewis, a cousin of James Smith and his wife Mary.

John and William Lynton owned land in Northumberland County, Virginia, 46 years after Jamestown was settled or in 1653. Being unable to locate any Lyntons who had emigrated to Virginia before 1653 I am inclined to believe that this John and William Lynton were the sons of the aforesaid Moses Lynton by a previous marriage other than that to Dorothy in 1659. Thomas Lynton, the other son of Moses Lynton, may have returned to England, as I find in the Parish Register of Yorkshire, the name of Thomas Linton, buried August 20, 1668.

From a published legend it appears that JOHN LYNTON was Captain of his own boat and prevailed upon his brother WILLIAM LYNTON to sail from Lower Norfolk County and settle in the rich and more fertile lands of Northumberland County which later was established in 1648. Westmoreland County was cut from Northumberland County in 1653 and extended all along the Potomac River as far north as Great Falls above Georgetown.

William Lynton's will was probated on May 26, 1680 and names his son, Philip Lynton.

CAPTAIN JOHN LYNTON, the brother of William Lynton above, married Anne (Scarlett) Barton, daughter of Edward and Scarlett Barton and had the following children:

1. Elizabeth who was married to Elliott. Her granddaughter, Elizabeth Elliott, married on July 2, 1752, to John Lynton, a son of Sussanah Monroe and William Lynton.
2. William Lynton, son of Captain John and Ann Lynton, married Sussanah Monroe. The Estate of this William Lynton was not appraised until April 24, 1736, by Benjamin Grayson, the third husband of Sussanah Monroe, naming as beneficiaries, Charles Tyler, Moses Lynton, William Lynton and Lettice Lynton. Sussanah and William Lynton had the following children:
 - A. Moses Lynton married Sarah Elizabeth Tyler, daughter of Francis Tyler and lived in Prince William County where in 1726 he patented land of 740 acres on the north side of Broad Run. His farm was on Morumscoe Creek near the Village of Woodbridge. His will was probated on May 21, 1753. His son, Moses Linton, married Elizabeth Harrison, daughter of Thomas Harrison, Jr., born on January 30, 1741 and died in August, 1780. His son Moses Linton married Nancy Peed in 1800 which is listed among the Orange County marriages.
 - B. William Lynton married on July 5, 1719, to Jane Liburne, granddaughter of William Liburne who died in October, 1705. They had

a daughter Lettice Lynton. This William Lynton lived at Colchester, Prince William County. On April 3, 1731, he was appointed by Governor Grook as a Justice of the Peace. He was elected as a vestryman of the present Pohick Church, but on November 28, 1770, William Lynton, deceased, was replaced. Ensign William Lynton was an officer listed in the Virginia Troop of the Continental Armory. His will was appraised in November, 1770.

- C. John Lynton, the younger son, was born about 1685 and died in the town of Dumfries on December 31, 1775. Lieutenant John Lynton was an officer listed in the Virginia Troop of the Continental Armory. He first married on September 26, 1724 to Jane Rogers Carter, daughter of Jane Liburne and Joseph Carter. Jane Liburne Carter, who had married the first time to Charles Rogers, was the grandmother and godmother of the third President of the United States, Thomas Jefferson (1745-1826). John Lynton married the second time on July 2, 1752, at Hamilton Parish, Broad Run to Elizabeth (Betty) Elliott, the daughter of Selbella Elliott and granddaughter of John Elliott. They had two sons, John Augustine Elliott and William Augustine Elliott Linton and four daughters as follows:

- (1) Sussanah, born on September 4, 1755 and died on December 21, 1775.
- (2) Ann, born on December 25, 1765 and died in April, 1816. In her Will, dated June 6, 1815, she names Selbella Peyton, her nephew William Augustine Linton, and his wife Mary Atwell Linton.
- (3) Martha Elizabeth, born on February 23, 1773, died on April 16, 1774.
- (4) Selbella, born on March 25, 1761 and died on March 2, 1821. She married Burr Peyton who died in Prince William County before 1814.

JOHN AUGUSTINE ELLIOTT LINTON, son of John and Betty Elliott Lynton, was born on January 5, 1769. He owned and first lived on the plantation then known as Linton's Ford until October 1, 1789, when he bought a lot and built a residence at Dumfries, Virginia. He was appointed by the Governor as Inspector of Tobacco from August, 1789, to August, 1790. In September, 1790, he was elected Justice of the Peace and on September 30, 1802, he was elected Sheriff of Prince William County. He married on Sunday, March 22, 1795, to Sarah (Sally) Tyler, daughter of William and Letty George Tyler. John A. E. Linton died at Dumfries, on December 2, 1822. His estate was appraised on April 8, 1823, and his wife, Sarah (Sally) Linton was appointed administratrix who paid to John P. Philips as guardian of her son, John Tyler Linton's estate and her

husband's brother William Augustine Elliott Linton, sums of money for their share in his estate whereupon she acquired the balance of his estate, including the farm at Linton's Ford. His wife, Sarah (Sally) Linton died in 1835. James D. Graham was, in November, 1835, appointed as guardian and John W. Tyler as attorney for her estate. In her Will, dated April 1, 1835 and probated September 5, 1836, she left her entire estate to her granddaughter, Sarah Elizabeth Linton, daughter of John Tyler Linton, then deceased. John and Sarah Linton had a daughter, Elizabeth Elliott Linton, born on December 21, 1798 and died on May 22, 1802, and one son:

JOHN TYLER LINTON, son of John Augustine Elliott and Sarah (Sally) Linton was born at Dumfries on January 4, 1796 and departed this life at quarter to four o'clock in the afternoon of Sunday, September 9, 1821. He married Thursday, December 21, 1820, to Cecilia Ann Graham, born in 1804, daughter of James D. Graham. She died in 1878. John and Cecilia Tyler Linton had one child, Sarah Elizabeth Linton, born on January 4, 1822 and died in 1900, as Sister Baptista at the Georgetown, D. C., Visitation Convent. At Linton Hall Military School hangs an oil painting of John Tyler Linton and his diploma from Dickenson College in Pennsylvania. In John Tyler Linton's will, proved on April 8, 1823, he also owned a farm in Prince William County. Cecilia Ann Graham Linton married the second time to A. M. Philips, son of John P. Philips, born in 1827. This writer remembers Sister Baptista while at Georgetown Visitation Convent and also Miss Ann C. Philips, a daughter of A. M. and Cecilia Ann Philips, a short time before her death in 1917 at Nokesville, Virginia.

LINTON'S FORD

The entrance to Linton's Ford originally was represented by a few granite stones upon a tree shaded plot enclosed by an iron fence situated in Prince William County on County Road 619 where the North Fork of the Dumfries Road crosses Broad Run about two miles north of the Village of Bristow and about five miles southwest from Manassas.

Linton's Ford marks the entrance to the Linton plantation originally owned by John Augustine Elliott Linton. His son John Tyler lived in a house that once occupied the place where the Shrine now stands and where his daughter Sarah Elizabeth Linton was born. She left this estate to the Order of Saint Benedictine, with the apparent use thereof by her mother, Cecilia Ann Graham Linton and half sister Ann C. Philips. Sarah Elizabeth Linton was educated in

in a convent and later took the Veil, using the name Sister Baptista. In the graveyard now cared for by the Sisters of the Linton Hall Military School, tombstones mark the graves of John Augustine Elliott Linton (1762-1822), John Tyler Linton (1796-1821), and Cecilia Philips (1823-1917).

From the original Grant by Charles II of England, about 1686, to Haywood and Bristow, it is not of record how many parcels of land located in Prince William County were sold as the Haywood and Bristow shares were retained in London. However, Sussanah Monroe Grayson owned a large tract of this land and requested a survey made which was not effected until the year of 1737-1738 at which time the greater part of this tract of land was delineated and consisted only of a counterpart between Broad and Cedar Runs extending west to a "Black line" which ran from the mouth of Walnut Run, a branch of Cedar Run, to the vicinity of the Ford (since known) as Linton's Ford.

John Augustine Elliott Linton obtained, from his grandmother Sussanah Monroe Grayson's estate, a tract of her land extending from Linton's Ford southeast along both sides of Broad Run. His wife, Sarah (Sally) Linton, in her will dated April 1, 1825, left the entire estate to her granddaughter Sarah Elizabeth Linton, daughter of John Tyler Linton, then deceased. John D. Graham, on January 1, 1829, was appointed guardian and administrator of his ward, Sarah Elizabeth Linton's property. On November 6, 1835, he conveyed this tract of land to her mother, Cecilia Ann Philips.

In a recorded deed of September 1, 1873, Cecilia Ann Philips conveyed 2,630-1/2 acres of this tract of land, then known as the Philips Farm, to the Washington City, Virginia Midland and Great Southern Railroad Company. She maintained for her own use and that of her heirs a graveyard as was laid off in a parallelogram, 16 poles north and south and 10 poles east and west. The Railroad Company sold off parcels of this tract of land as purchased and in default of bonds amounting to \$25,000 by a deed recorded January 8, 1877, re-conveyed 1726 acres to Cecelia Ann Philips. By a will dated June 23, 1874 and probated August 8, 1878, Cecilia Ann Philips willed this tract of land and all other property to her daughter, Ann C. Philips. On January 14, 1903, Ann C. Philips, by a deed, conveyed this tract of land, 1726 acres at Linton's Ford, to Martin F. Morer and other Trustees, for the benefit of the Benedictine Institute.

Sister Baptista, a half sister of Ann C. Philips, was instrumental in having my sisters, Julia D. and Evelyn L. Linton, educated for about six years at St. Cecilia's Academy of Washington, D. C., and my schooling at St. Joseph Institute for Boys for two years, which latter is a frame building in the near distance to the left of the present Linton Hall Military School now occupied by St. Joseph's Benedictine School and Monastery. I still have fond memories of Father Julius and our Prefect, Father Mathews and also the old swimming hole

in Broad Run. At that time when traveling to Bristow for mail and supplies, we had to ford Broad Run, but today a bridge is provided. Linton Hall Military School of Bristow, now owned by the Benedictine Sisters, is located on this tract of land having its entrance adjacent to Linton's Ford.

WILLIAM AUGUSTINE ELLIOTT LINTON, son of John and Betty Elliott Linton, was born on August 13, 1758 and died at Dumfries on December 22, 1806. He married Mary Atwell who died in 1837, a granddaughter of Colonel Atwell who died on March 13, 1702. They had the following children:

1. John Augustine Linton
2. Thomas Linton
3. William Augustine Linton

JOHN AUGUSTINE LINTON, son of William Augustine Elliott and Mary Linton, was born in 1783. He married Ann Bingham and they had the following children:

1. Samuel D. Linton. He died at Bordeaux, France in November, 1867.
2. Mary Atwell Linton.
3. Charlotte Bingham Linton. These two sisters married brothers named Surget. Mary and the two brothers were the first to die without heirs, leaving only Charlotte Bingham Surget, who died on January 3, 1910, at 107 Rue du la Course, Bordeaux, France.

Charlotte Bingham Surget left two known wills, one covering her French estate and the second covering her American property, dated August 10, 1903, probated on February 11, 1910, at Natchez, County of Adams, Mississippi. Among the many legacies given to friends and relatives named in her American will was my father, William A. Linton, his brother, T. Benj. Linton, and his sister, Bertha Fitzhugh. Also the children of Catherine Shields, nee Surget. She owned the Plantation at Cholula, Madison Parish, La.; Ashwood, Wilkinson Co. Miss., and Lake Concordia, Concordia Parish, La. Her books and works of art in her home at Bordeaux, France, were given to the Tulane University at New Orleans, La., and to be added to the Linton-Surget Gallery of said institution. On July 30, 1900, Charlotte Bingham Surget forwarded to my father, an English made, key wound, gold watch, which at that time she said it had been in the Linton family for over 200 years. This watch had been worn by her brother, Samuel D. Linton, before his death in 1867 and had his initials, S. D. L., thereon. This watch will still keep the correct time, but it is too large to be worn.

THOMAS LINTON was born in 1787, and his wife, Harriett Sophia Linton was born in 1793. She died at Dumfries at the age of 26, on August 27, 1819. He was raised from Captain to General in the U. S. Army in 1815 by President Madison. They had one son -- unknown.

On April 10, 1954, the following information was received from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. regarding the results of the 1950 Census of the United States, as reported by the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. on April 10, 1954.

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1. Total population 150,000,000
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WILLIAM AUGUSTINE LINTON, the son of William Augustine Elliott and Mary Linton, was born in Dumfries, in 1791 and died in September, 1867. He married Maria Tyler who died in April, 1837. She was the daughter of Judge John and Mary Armistead Tyler and sister of President John Tyler. They had one son, William (Lucien) Linton and five daughters:

1. Josephine died in November, 1855.
2. Charlotte B. died in March 1894.
3. Maria B. died on July 24, 1885.
4. Twin daughters, Ellan and May, died when small children and their deaths are unrecorded.

William Augustine Linton and his wife Maria Tyler Linton, resided at Dumfries, Virginia, until 1832 when they first moved to Alexandria. Later they moved to Washington, D. C. and were buried with their daughters in the old burial lot, Range 46, of Congressional Cemetery.

WILLIAM LINTON, my grandfather, son of William Augustine and Maria Tyler Linton, was known to his friends as "Buck" and his sisters as "Lucien". For many years he was Chief Clerk of the U. S. Treasury Department. He was born in Dumfries, Virginia, on December 21, 1805 and died at the Homestead Hotel, Hot Springs, Virginia, on January 6, 1889. He married Julia Mumford Dunscomb, both then of Washington, D. C. on January 15, 1846, by the Rev. Van Horsigh.

Julia Mumford Dumscomb, was born on September 6, 1826 and baptized in the month of June, 1843 by the Rev. Mr. Thornton. She died at Arundel-on-the-Bay, Maryland, in September, 1895. She was the daughter of Daniel Edward and Caroline Matilda Mumford Dumscomb, formerly of New York City. Her sister Caroline Matilda Dumscomb, born on November 13, 1824, married William Sewell of New York City on April 25, 1854 and died in 1897 at 31 East 38th Street, New York City. A son, Dr. Sewell, died without heirs and their daughter, Julia E. Sewell, married Adams Scott Cameron, an inventor of pumps for boats. His firm, Cameron Pump Works Co., is still listed in lower Broadway, New York City. They had one son, W. Scott Cameron, born in 1878. His daughter, Rhodes Cameron, married John Balfore Clark and have homes at The Fields, Bedminster, New Jersey and Palm Beach, Florida. W. Scott Cameron married the second time to Cecilia May Hilger and lived at Wee Home, Southhampton, Long Island, New York, where he died of pneumonia on July 21, 1932. He was buried in the cemetery of the Presbyterian Church of Southhampton. His mother, Julia E. Cameron, paid my tuition at Georgetown University before she died on February 1, 1930.

William and his wife, Julia Mumford Dumscomb Linton, had a home at 26th and K Street, N.W., Washington, D. C., where their children, as follows were born:

1. William Augustine was born on October 26, 1846 and died on May 12, 1912.
2. John Augustine was born on August 15, 1847 and died in May, 1866.
3. Theodore (Frank) Grosvenor was born on January 6, 1851. He died at San Francisco, California, in 1928.
4. Richard Blatchford was born September 9, 1852 and died in May, 1867.
5. Sally M. and Virginia died at birth on September 9, 1853.
6. Caroline Sewell was born on September 27, 1854 and died in March, 1883.
7. Francis Surget was born on October 21, 1859 and died in May, 1906.
8. Harry Appleton was born on April 10, 1861 and died on March 6, 1862.
9. Thomas Berry was born on April 17, 1865, with his twin brother, Edward Hall, who died at birth. Thomas Berry was baptized in June, 1866, by the Rev. Dr. Hall and married Mabel Carroll who died at Emerson, New Jersey, in May, 1933. He died at Arcadia, Florida, on November 30, 1955.
10. Robert Morten and his twin brother, Arthur Wellington were born on November 12, 1866. Arthur Wellington died at birth and Robert Morten died at Arundel-on-the-Bay, Maryland, in October, 1902.
11. Bertha Atwell Linton, born on March 11, 1862, was baptized in November, 1863, by the Rev. Dr. Hall of the Church of the Epiphany and died at West Palm Beach, Florida, in December, 1947. On October 1, 1885, she was married by the Rev. William Parker of St. Paul's Church, Washington, D. C. to Norman Fitzhugh of Charlottesville, Virginia. They had two sons, Norman who died in July, 1888 and is buried in Congressional Cemetery, and Arthur who died in February, 1961, at the age of 61, at West Palm Beach, Florida. Also two daughters, Julia M. Kinsman and Ethel Fitzhugh of West Palm Beach, Fla.

My grandfather, William Linton, and his wife, Julia M. D. Linton, with their children are buried in Ranges 15 and 16 of Congressional Cemetery, with the exception of Theodore (Frank) Linton and Bertha Atwell Fitzhugh.

WILLIAM AUGUSTINE LINTON, born on October 26, 1846, was baptized in October, 1847, by the Rev. Dr. French of the Church of Epiphany. He was married on February 23, 1886, by the Rev. Dr. Nelson of Christ Church, Warrenton, Virginia, to Sarah (Sally) Catherine Chichester, born on May 8, 1857, at Moss Hill near Warrenton, Virginia. She was the daughter of George Barnett and Catherine Lydia Meng Chichester. Sally died in July, 1937 and her husband, William A. Linton, died on May 12, 1912. He was a coal merchant having a place of business on G Street, N.E., Washington, D. C., over which now extends a portion of Union Station. Sally Chichester was not the first Chichester to marry into the Linton family, as John Wichellase, a collateral descendant, who succeeded to the Lynton and Counterbury Manor in 1677, married Mary, daughter of

Sir John Chichester, Bart. of Youlston, England. William Augustine and Sally Chichester Linton had the following children:

1. Julia Dumscomb Linton Williams
2. William Chichester Linton
3. Evelyn Louise Freese

JULIA DUMSCOMB LINTON was born at 628 East Capital Street, Washington, D. C., on January 16, 1887 and died on November 9, 1945. She married Isaac M. Williams in May, 1916, by the Rev. Charles H. Holmead at St. Mark's Church, Isaac M. Williams died on October 27, 1940. They had one son, Linton Williams, and all three are now buried in the Warrenton Cemetery. They also had two daughters, Evelyn and Shirley who married Frank Parker and they have five sons, Frankie, Ronnie, Wayne, Gary, and Daryn.

EVELYN LOUISE LINTON was born on March 20, 1893 at 532 Fourth Street, N.E., Washington, D. C., and married Russell Freese on March 13, 1918. Russell Freese was born on October 2, 1886 at Three Rivers, Michigan, and is the son of Amanda and Jacob Freese, now deceased. They had two children as follows:

1. Gwendolyn Russell Freese was born on May 26, 1921, at Washington, D. C., and married August 2, 1948, to Raymond Paul Harding, born on January 28, 1921, the son of Raymond D. and Mida C. Harding. They have one son, Raymond Paul Harding, Jr., who was born on June 25, 1949.
2. Russell R. Freese, Jr. was born on June 9, 1928 and married on September 17, 1955, to Clara Margaret Gressick, born on August 11, 1929, at Portage, Pennsylvania. They have one son, Robert Russell Freese, who was born on November 27, 1958.

WILLIAM CHICHESTER LINTON, was born at 603 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W., Washington, D. C., on September 26, 1888 and was baptized by the Rev. Dr. Easton at the Eastern Presbyterian Church. He was married to Margaret Elizabeth Ulle at St. Mark's Church, by the Rev. Charles H. Holmead on August 15, 1911. She was the daughter of William Adam and Jermina Elizabeth Ulle. They have one son:

ULLE CHICHESTER LINTON, was born on June 20, 1912. He was confirmed with his father, William C. Linton, by the Rev. Bishop Freeman at St. Alban's Episcopal Church. Ulle C. Linton was married on April 25, 1935, at St. Alban's Church by the Rev. Dr. Charles Warner to Margaret Lucille Morgan, born on August 26, 1915. She was the daughter of Fred Langdon and Irene King Morgan, a sister to Doris Eleanor Morgan and to her brother Fred (Charles) Carey Morgan.

Ulle C. and Margaret L. Linton have the following children:

1. John Chichester Linton was born on November 16, 1935, the oldest son of Margaret and Ulle C. Linton. He was married on December 29, 1957, to Hermine Janet Huber at Ellis, Kansas. She is the daughter of Otto George and Caroline Huber. They have twin daughters, born on May 9, 1959, named Diane Carol and Deborah Ann Linton. They were baptized on September 27, 1959, at the Holy Trinity Lutheran Church, Falls Church, Virginia, by the Rev. Edward E. Yost.
2. William Morgan Linton was born on April 10, 1939. He was married on November 17, 1962, at the Naval Security Chapel by the Rev. C. Randolph Mengers, rector of St. Columba's Episcopal Church to Joyce Cecelia Hymes. She was born on August 2, 1942 and is the daughter of Margaret Elsie Money and John Cornelius Hymes of Washington, D. C. They have a daughter, named Doris Gay, born on May 25, 1963. She was baptized on September 1, 1963, at St. Columba's Episcopal Church, by the Rev. C. Randolph Mengers.
3. Edward Ulle Linton was born on July 10, 1940 and died on December 22, 1943. He was buried in St. John's Cemetery at Beltsville, Maryland.
4. Betty King Linton was born on January 21, 1942 and married on September 15, 1962, at St. Columba's Episcopal Church, by the Rev. C. Randolph Mengers to Monroe Johnson Haywood II, born on October 26, 1936. He is the son of Anne Amelia Heyward and Colonel Monroe Johnson Haywood of Charleston, South Carolina.
5. Robert Ulle Linton was born on December 27, 1951.

THE DIRECT DESCENDANTS OF THIS FAMILY OF LINTONS
IN AMERICA ARE AS FOLLOWS:

MOSES LYNTON, born in 1613 at Stillington, Yorkshire, England, and emigrated to America in 1635 at the age of 22, married probably the second time in 1659 to Dorothy, born in 1629, and his son

CAPTAIN JOHN LYNTON, married Anne (Scarlett) Barton, and their son

WILLIAM LYNTON, married Susannah Monroe, born about 1665 and died in 1737, and their son

JOHN LINTON, born about 1686, a vestryman at Pohick Church before 1745 and died in 1775, married on July 2, 1752 to Elizabeth (Betty) Elliott at Hamilton Parish, Broad Run, Virginia. Elizabeth died in 1814, and their son

WILLIAM AUGUSTINE ELLIOTT LINTON, born on August 13, 1758 and died on December 22, 1806. He married Mary Atwell who died in April, 1837, and their son

WILLIAM AUGUSTINE LINTON, born in 1791 and died in September, 1867, married Maria Tyler who died in 1837, and their son

WILLIAM (LUCIEN) LINTON, born on December 21, 1805 and died on January 6, 1889. He married on January 5, 1846 to Julia Mumford Dunscomb, born on September 6, 1826 and died in September, 1895, and their son

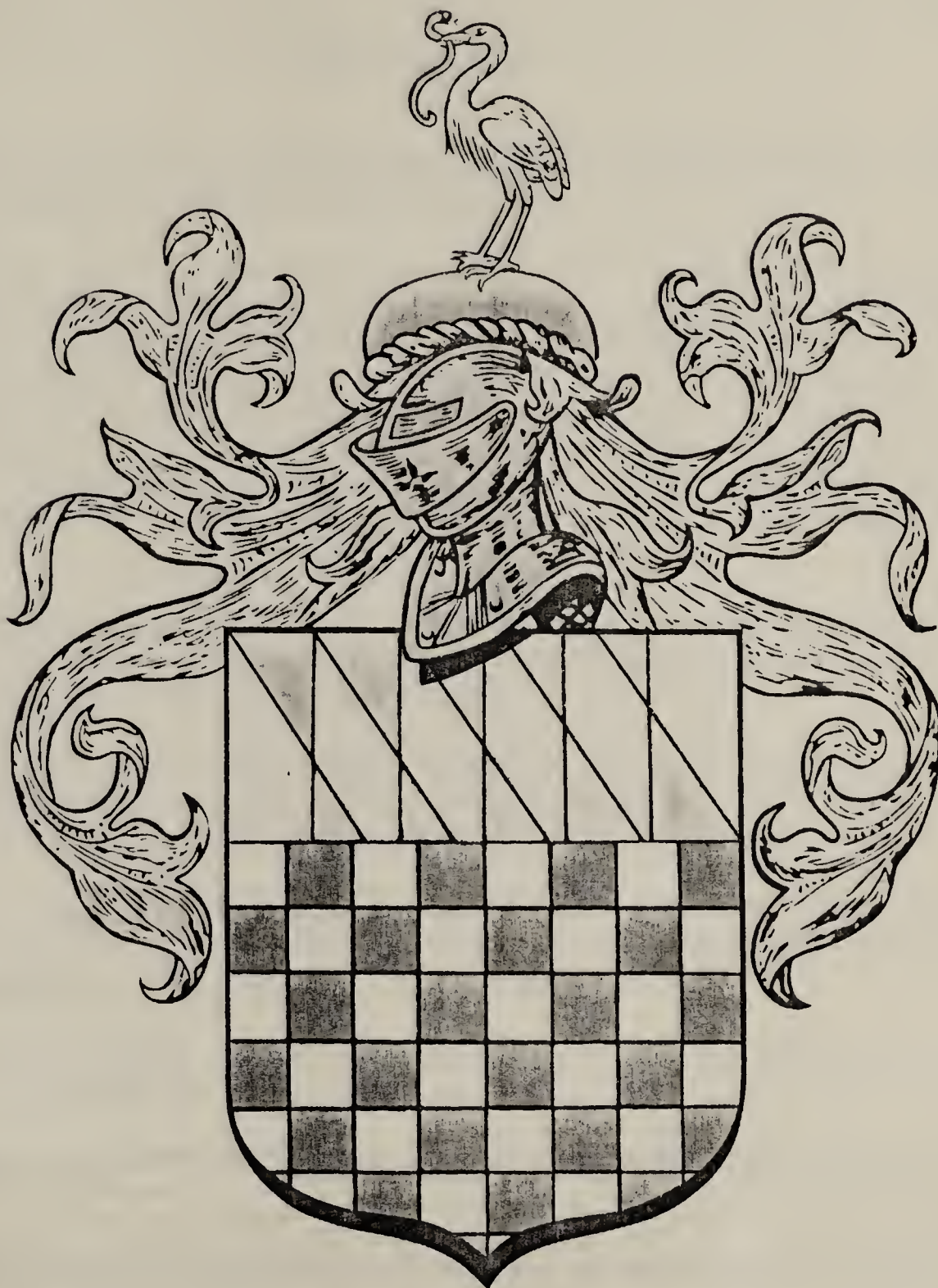
WILLIAM AUGUSTINE LINTON, born on October 26, 1846 and died on May 12, 1912. He married on February 23, 1886 to Sarah (Sally) Chichester, born on May 8, 1854 and died in July, 1937, and their son

WILLIAM CHICHESTER LINTON, born on September 26, 1888, married on August 15, 1911, to Margaret E. Ulle, born on March 14, 1890, and their son

ULLE CHICHESTER LINTON, born on June 20, 1912, married on April 25, 1935 to Margaret Lucille Morgan, born on August 25, 1915, and their son

JOHN CHICHESTER LINTON, born on November 16, 1935, married on December 29, 1957 to Hermine Janet Huber, born on April 10, 1938, and have twin daughters, Diane Carol and Deborah Ann Linton, born on May 9, 1959.

HERALDIC DESCRIPTION OF CHICHESTER



Chichester

ARMS — Chequy or and gules, a chief paly-bendy argent and azure.

CREST — On a mount vert, a crane holding in the beak a snake, proper.

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Chichester



ST. JOHN'S

CHICHESTER

Chichester is a name representing a very distinguished family, an ancient one in England, before its connection with Ireland.

The name itself is derived from Chichester, a municipal borough and Episcopal City in the County of Sussex, England, formerly a Roman Regnum or Regime. It was taken and partially destroyed in 1491 by the South Saxons, but afterwards rebuilt by Cissa, their King. It was for some time the capital of the Kingdom of Sussex and was incorporated in 1213. It received its name from the old Saxon name of Cessanceastes-Cissa the son "Aella" who settled the kingdom of South Saxon and Cesata (or Chester) a modified form of the old Roman word Castrum, meaning Station, Chichester, the results, signified the City of Cissa.

The Virginia branch of the family descends from the ancient house of Chichester in the County of Devon, England. Sir Roger Chichester was knighted at Calais as the Earl of Chichester and died in 1370.

John, the son of Sir Roger was born in 1345 and died in 1394. He married Thomaline Raleigh, the daughter of Sir John Raleigh and Great-Great Granddaughter of Sir Walter de Raleigh. Lord of Raleigh died in 1223.

John, the eldest son of John above was born in 1386 and died December 14, 1437. He married in 1426 to Alice, the daughter of John Walton and his wife Johanna de Dinham.

Richard, the eldest son of John above, born in 1427 and married Margaret Kayner, of Winkley.

Nicholas, the eldest son of Richard above, born in 1452, married Chisten Paulett.

John of Raleigh, the eldest son of Nicholas above, married Johanna Brett and died on February 22, 1537.

John, the eldest son of John of Raleigh above, inherited his father's Manor of Widworthy. He married on November 8, 1538 to Katherine, the daughter of Thomas Peard of Tusback, Devon.

John, the eldest son of John above, married Dorothy, the daughter of Hugh Danbenay of Warford, Somerset. He died on February 19, 1609.

Hugh of Widworthy, the eldest son of John above, was born on June 7, 1573 and died on February 22, 1641. He married Martha, the daughter of Richard, Duke of Otterton, Devon.

Richard, the eldest son and heir of Hugh Chichester above, was baptized at Widworthy, on March 17, 1609. He married Joan, the daughter of John Smithers of Kingston, Somerset, May 22, 1625 and was buried at Widworthy on August 5, 1643.

John, the heir to his Grandfather's estate, Hugh Chichester, was baptized at Widworthy on October 11, 1626. He married on January 11, 1651 to Margaret, the daughter of John Ware of Hallerton and Silverton, Devon, and died on June 11, 1681, having three sons:

1. William Chichester came to America in 1652 and owned 220 acres of land at Lower Norfolk County, Virginia. He died without descendants on September 14, 1664.
2. Sir John Chichester of Widworthy was born in 1659. He married Elizabeth Court and came to America in 1700. He returned to England to sell his property there, but was murdered by one of his servants on October 25, 1702.
3. Richard, the second son of Sir John and Margaret Ware Chichester, was born at Silverton, on March 5, 1657. He first married Anna and came to America as a widower with his son John in 1702 and settled in Lancaster County, Virginia. He married the second time to Ann Chisin, the daughter of John Chisin and widow of William Fox, on July 11, 1719. Ann Died in 1729 and Richard died on August 10, 1744. He was Justice of the Peace of Loudoun County, Virginia, in 1739 Vestryman of Christ Church Parish (1739-1744), Church Warden in 1741, and Sheriff 1722.

John, son of Richard and Anna Chichester above, married Elizabeth Symes of Beamister County, Dorset, England. She died in January, 1728 and John in 1728.

Richard Chichester, the son of Richard and Anna above, married Ellen Ball on July 3, 1734. He died at Exeter, England, on December 30, 1743 and was buried at Powerstock, England, on January 3, 1744. They had two sons and four daughters.

1. Elizabeth was born in 1737 and married William Glasscock, Jr., on January 20, 1752.
2. Ellen was born in 1738 and married on November 30, 1750 to Andrew Robertson when only 14 years of age.

3. Mary was born in 1739 and married Rawleigh Downman.
4. Hannah was born in 1740.
5. John was born in 1735 and married in July, 1752 to Jean Smith. He died in 1753.
6. Richard was born in 1736 in Lancaster County, Virginia. He died on August 22, 1796, in Fairfax County. He was a Lieutenant Colonel, of Fairfax County and in 1781 was Commissioner of Specific Taxes. He was first married on June 9, 1759, by the Rev. John Currie to Anne Gordon the daughter of Colonel James and Millicent Gordon, of Lancaster County. Anne died at 23 years of age, on April 30, 1765. Richard moved to Fauquier County in 1765, where he married in 1766 to Sarah Ball McCarthy, the daughter of Daniel and Siniah Ball McCarthy, of Fairfax County. Daniel died in 1791. Siniah, was born on February 14, 1727 and died in 1798. Sarah died on June 29, 1826. Daniel was a son of Lord McCarthy, of Ireland.
 - A. Richard McCarthy Chichester, the son of Colonel Richard and Sarah McCarthy Chichester, was born on February 22, 1769 and died on August 29, 1817. He married Ann Thomson Mason, the daughter of Thomas and Sarah Barnes Mason. This Thomas Mason, was the second son of George Mason, the Author of the Bill of Rights, who resided at Northern Neck, Virginia. Ann Thomas Chichester was buried in the City Cemetery at Leesburg in 1817, at 47 years of age.
 - B. Daniel McCarthy Chichester, son of Colonel Richard and Sarah McCarthy Chichester, was born in 1767. He married Elizabeth Gray and had the following children:
 - (1) George was born in 1797 and died in 1818. He married Margaret, the daughter of Dr. Valentine Peyton and Mary Butler Washington, born in 1760, and died in August, 1822. Dr. Valentine Peyton married the second time to Mary Dent, the daughter of John Henry and Elizabeth Dent. Mary Dent died on April 16, 1861.
 - (2) William Henry was born on June 18, 1800 and died on October 16, 1844. He married on February 21, 1821, to Jane Elliott Peyton, born on April 10, 1798, and died on May 31, 1880.
 - (3) Richard McCarthy Barnes, the son of Richard and Ann Mason Chichester, was born on June 26, 1790 and died on August 5, 1861. He married Fannie Barnett, of Ireland, born on April 18, 1791, and died on April 25, 1864. They had two daughters and two sons:
 - (A) Ann Mason Chichester was born on June 25, 1822 and died on June 17, 1904.
 - (B) Eliza Mason Chichester was born on March 24, 1824 and died on September 8, 1887.

- (C) Richard Chichester was born on July 15, 1816 and died at Leesburg, Virginia.
- (D) George Barnett Chichester

Arthur Mason Chichester, Captain C.S.A., son of George Mason Chichester and May Bowie, died in 1916, at the age of 65 years, buried in the City Cemetery at Leesburg.

GEORGE BARNETT CHICHESTER, the son of Richard and Fannie Barnett Chichester, was born in Fauquier County, Virginia, on September 23, 1817, and died on April 24, 1874. He was married on February 12, 1846, to Catherine Lydia Meng, born on February 2, 1818 and died on February 11, 1872. She was the daughter of Judge Charles Meng, of Frankford, Hesse, Germany, and Victor Tebbs. Victor Tebbs was the daughter of William Tebbs and Victoria Haislip. William Tebbs was a Captain in the Minute Men of Westmoreland County, Virginia. There exists a record of pay to his Company in the old manuscript Military Account Book entitled "Milita" December 3, 1776, to December 18, 1778, Page 778 in the Virginia State Library. They had nine children, all born at Moss Hill, Fauquier County, Virginia, as follows:

1. John Daniel Chichester, was born on June 30, 1853 and died at John-Hopkins, Baltimore, Maryland, on December 5, 1904. He married on February 6, 1895, to Minnie Mae Jolly, who was born at Mt. Hebron, Green County, Alabama, on January 1, 1875. She died on January 4, 1963. They had two sons:
 - A. John Daniel Chichester, Jr., was born on December 13, 1895. He married Eugenia Ormond, who was born on March 25, 1895, at Tuscaloosa, Alabama. They had one son, John Daniel Chichester III, who was born on July 2, 1922. He married Geneva Hickman, who was born on February 8, 1927. They have one son and one daughter, John Daniel Chichester IV, who was born on August 3, 1951, and Dale Chichester, who was born on July 16, 1956.
 - B. Charles Holmead Chichester, was born on January 17, 1895. He was married on October 13, 1917, to Bertha Weaver, who was born on July 27, 1900. They had one son, Charles Holmead Chichester, Jr., who was born on October 7, 1918. He was married on November 14, 1944, to Bette Rabore Thomas, who was born on October 4, 1922. They have three children, an unnamed infant son, who was born on May 31, 1948, and died on June 1, 1948. Charles Holmead Chichester III, who was born on May 4, 1952, and Laurel Labor Chichester, who was born on November 26, 1957. Charles Holmead Chichester, Sr., married the second time to Elizabeth Steeshuis, who was born at Pineville, Kentucky, on May 14, 1904. They were married on April 4, 1951.

2. Sarah (Sally) Catherine Chichester, was born on May 8, 1854, and died in July, 1937. She was married on February 23, 1886, by the Rev. Dr. Nelson at Christ Church, Warrenton, Virginia, to William Augustine Linton. They had three children:
 - A. Julia Dunscomb Linton, was born on January 16, 1887 and died on November 9, 1945.
 - B. William C. Linton, was born on September 26, 1888.
 - C. Evelyn Louise Linton, was born on March 20, 1893.
3. Charlotte (Lottie) Fannie Chichester, was born on February 29, 1848, and died on August 29, 1908. She married Charles H. Holmead, of Washington, D. C., who died on August 7, 1914. Both are buried in Rock Creek Cemetery, Washington, D. C. They had two sons:
 - A. Rev. Charles H. Holmead, was born on August 24, 1873. He was an Episcopal Minister and died at Portsmouth, Virginia, on March 10, 1960. He was married to Irene Hattie White, who was born on April 20, 1880, at Providence, Rhode Island. Both were buried together at Woodlawn Cemetery, Attleboro Massachusetts. They had the following son:
 - (1) Charles H. Holmead, Jr., was born on September 21, 1898 and now resides at 222 Homestead Avenue, Haddonfield, New Jersey. He married Velma Headley of Ocean City, New Jersey, who was born on December 17, 1899. They had three daughters as follows:
 - (A) Virginia E. Holmead, was born on July 12, 1922 and died on February 16, 1944. She married V. Kittwell and had a daughter, Carolee Kittwell, who was born in October, 1942.
 - (B) Hildred (Bebe) Holmead, was born in December, 1920. She married Alfred Wood and now resides at Haddonfield, New Jersey. They have two sons and two daughters, Alison Wood, born in 1949; Alfred Wood III, born in 1950; John Holmead Wood, born in 1951; and Marcia Kay Wood, born in 1954.
 - (C) Dorothy Elaine Holmead, was born in March, 1924. She married Meridith Blind and now resides at Cincinnati, Ohio. They have one daughter, Cynthia Ann Blind, who was born in 1952, and one son, Charles Meridith Blind, who was born in 1948.
 - B. Anthony Holmead, was born in 1876 and died at the age of 49 years, on August 11, 1925. He married the second time to Elizabeth Van Sant, and have two sons, Anthony Holmead, Jr., of Hyattsville, Maryland, and Franklin V. Holmead, of Chevy Chase, Maryland.

4. George Pickett Chichester, was born on May 28, 1849, and died on March 23, 1915.
5. James Meng (Jim) Chichester, was born on November 9, 1850 and died on December 2, 1948.
6. Rose Chichester, was born in 1855 and married Edward (Ned) Crain. They have one daughter, Valice Crain, who married Baine Farr, both deceased and had one son, Yelia Crain, now residing at Fort Pierce, Florida.
7. William Tebbs Chichester, was born on February 18, 1857 and died on May 2, 1900.
8. Julia Abbie Chichester was born on July 6, 1858 and died on September 29, 1945. She married George Collins, who died in 1937.
9. Charles Richard Chichester, was born on November 26, 1846, and resided at a farm located at the corner of Warrenton-Auburn Road and Baldwin Ridge Road. He died on September 7, 1927. He first married in 1870 Sarah Catherine Arrington, who was born on May 8, 1854 and died on March 10, 1891. He married the second time to Lucy C. Fields, who was born on July 3, 1851 and died in 1930. The third time he married Alice Fields, who was born in 1853 and died in 1938. Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester had the following children:
 - A. John R. Chichester, the son of Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester, was born on November 13, 1876 and died on August 14, 1950. He married on May 10, 1895 to Sarah Catherine Walsh, of England, and had two sons: Lowell Chichester and Clifford Chichester, who had one son, Clifford Chichester, Jr.
 - B. Lowell L. Chichester, the son of Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester, was born on July 23, 1874 and died on May 6, 1907.
 - C. George W. Chichester, was born on November 25, 1879 and died on December 6, 1903.
 - D. Berry A. Chichester, was born on December 4, 1883 and now resides at Warrenton, Virginia.
 - E. Sidnor Tebbs Chichester, the son of Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester, was born on September 1, 1890. On December 16, 1915 he married Bulah Reed and had three children:
 - (1) Mason was born on October 3, 1917.
 - (2) Catherine R. was born on July 11, 1918.
 - (3) Sidnor Tebbs was born on December 23, 1921.

Mason Chichester above, married Juanita Dolson on June 25, 1944, and they have three children: Mason, Stephen, and Candy Tebbs.

Catherine R. Chichester above, married Linn Palmer on February 7, 1942.

F. Julia Alice Chichester, the daughter of Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester, was born on July 7, 1888. On July 7, 1912, she married Edward Balderston, born in 1889, and they had one daughter:

- (1) Adele Harrington Balderston, was born on April 24, 1913, and married on July 16, 1937 to Henry Haywood Glassie, Jr. They have two children: Henry Haywood and Julia Arrington Glassie. Adele H. Glassie, married the second time, to Thomas Ward Sandoz.

Julia Alice Chichester, was married the second time to Carl Joseph Poch, on March 1, 1924. He was born in 1893 and died on Tuesday, June 7, 1963, Services were held in St. Alban's Episcopal Church. Internment: Arlington National Cemetery on June 11, 1963.

G. Addie Maud Chichester, the daughter of Charles R. and Sarah C. Chichester, was born on September 7, 1881, and married James Laurence Bowen on August 17, 1902. They have one son, Issac Russell Bowen, who was born on May 8, 1903. He married Edith Beck, in 1921, and have six children: Jay, Charles, Natalie, Jack, Donald, and Douglas.

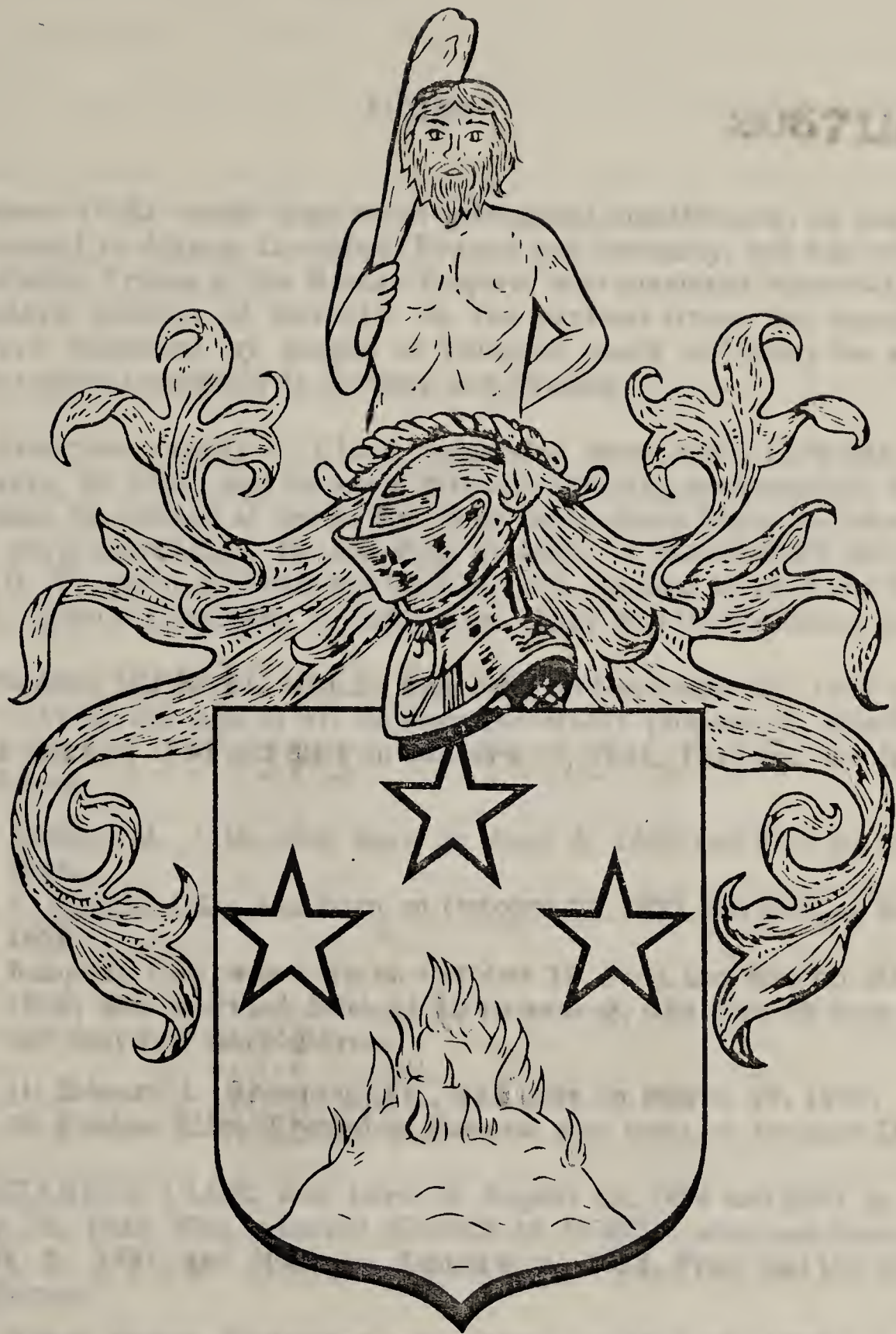
HERALDIC DESCRIPTION OF ULLE



Ulle

ARMS — Azure, a mount or, in flames at the top proper, surrounded in chief by three mullets of the second.

CREST — A demi-woodsman, holding over the shoulder a club, all proper.



Illle

1850



III

ULLE

2067158

The name ULLE must also be of geological significance, as the Village of Ulle is located in Alsace-Lorraine, France and Germany, but was originally used by the Celtic Tribes of the Roman Empire, who inhabited Alsace-Lorraine and the Western portion of Bavaria. In the earliest times, the Scandinavian Countries were inhabited by people of Tentonic stock and today the surname ULLE appears quite frequently in Norway and Sweden.

This American family of ULLE descended from JOHN EDWARD ULLE, born in Bavaria, in 1826, and to avoid military training emigrated to America as a young man. He settled at Beltsville, Maryland, where his sons John, Henry and Edward were merchants. He married in 1854, to MARGARET MAGLE, of Washington, D. C., born in 1835 and died in 1919. He died in 1912 and both are buried in St. John's Cemetery at Beltsville. They had the following children:

1. EDWARD MICHAEL ULLE, was born on December 21, 1856 and died in 1947 at the age of 91. He married MARY (Mamie) E. BAKER, who was born in 1860 and died on January 14, 1941. They had the following children:
 - A. Eunice M. Ulle, was born on June 6, 1886 and died on August 6, 1906.
 - B. J. Edward Ulle, was born on October 26, 1893 and died on March 2, 1899.
 - C. Ruby V. Ulle, was born on October 13, 1884 and died on March 19, 1920. She married Edward L. Browning, who died on June 6, 1946 and they had two children:
 - (1) Edward L. Browning, Jr., was born on March 10, 1916.
 - (2) Eunice Elise Browning Powers, was born on January 18, 1909.
2. ELIZABETH ULLE, was born on August 15, 1854 and died on February 22, 1929. She married NICHOLAS ROBEY, who was born on August 2, 1851 and died on January 9, 1923. They had the following children:
 - A. Annie Robey Peddicord, was born on May 30, 1875 and died on March 4, 1921. She had three children:
 - (1) Harry Peddicord

- (2) Elmer Peddicord
- (3) Mildred Tolley - Deceased
- B. Daisy Robey, was born on October 29, 1876 and died on August 10, 1879.
- C. John Robey, was born on October 29, 1877 and died on August 13, 1939.
- D. Rosie Robey Woodall, was born on March 31, 1880 and died on May 14, 1959. She had three children:
 - (1) Edward Woodall - Deceased
 - (2) Gertrude Beeman
 - (3) Raymond Woodall
- E. Ernest Robey, was born on May 12, 1883 and died on February 14, 1922.
- F. Gertrude (Gertie) Robey Flynn, was born on January 24, 1885.
- G. Harry Robey, was born on May 20, 1888 and died on March 1, 1927.
- H. Elizabeth (Bessie) Robey Harrison, was born on August 11, 1890.
- I. Edward Robey, was born on May 9, 1883.
- J. Ethel Robey Abicht, was born on March 16, 1895.
- K. Wilmer L. Robey, was born on March 4, 1898.
- 3. MARGARET W. ULLE, was born in 1858 and died in 1867.
- 4. ROSA V. ULLE, was born in 1860 and died in 1876.
- 5. CATHERINE E. ULLE, was born in 1862 and died in 1862.
- 6. JOHN T. F. ULLE, was born in 1864 and died in 1932.
- 7. WILLIAM ADAM JULIUS ULLE, was born on February 10, 1867 and died on February 20, 1945. He married on March 19, 1889, to Jemmina Elizabeth (Betty) Boteler, of Beltsville, Maryland, who was born on February 15, 1866 and died on December 3, 1916. Both are buried in St. John's Cemetery at Beltsville. They had the following children:
 - A. Margaret Elizabeth Ulle, was born on March 14, 1890. She was married on August 15, 1911, at St. Mark's Church, Washington, D. C., by the Rev. Charles H. Holmead, to William Chichester Linton. He was born on September 26, 1888.
 - B. William Edward Ulle, was born on July 4, 1891 and was married on September 17, 1932, at Alexandria, Virginia, to Ruth Ester Nordorpt.
 - C. John Earl Ulle, was born on October 10, 1892 and died on June 25, 1893. He was buried in St. John's Cemetery, at Beltsville, Maryland.

JEMMINA BOTELER, born 1788 -- died 1869, and her husband EDWARD D. BOTELER, born 1770 -- died 1831. They had nine children, one of whom, LEMUEL L. BOTELER, sometimes known as SAMMUEL L. BOTELER, born

807 --died 1860, married SARAH A. and had five children, one of whom EDWARD D. BOTELER, born 1832 --died 1906, married MARY E. COLE, of Baltimore, Maryland, born 1821 --died 1906. MARY E. and EDWARD D. BOTELER had seven children, one of whom JEMMINA ELIZABETH (Betty) BOTELER, above married WILLIAM ADAM JULIUS ULLE.

8. FREDERICK AUGUSTUS ULLE, was born on March 14, 1870 and died on January 1, 1934. He married on November 27, 1900, to Minnie Alice Lee, who was born on May 3, 1875 and died on April 19, 1947. Both are buried at Cedar Hill Cemetery, Maryland. They had the following children:

A. Gladys Estelle Ulle, was born on November 7, 1901, at Berwyn, Maryland, and christened on May 8, 1902, at St. John's Church, Beltsville, Maryland. She married on June 18, 1929, to Guy Beeton, born on December 19, 1901. He was the son of Mattie Henry Adams, who was born on March 31, 1864 and died on November 10, 1952, and was buried at Lexington, Virginia. She married on May 13, 1885, to William Rollison Beeton, who was born on September 27, 1858, and died on September 27, 1932. He is also buried at Lexington, Virginia.

B. Frederick Adelbert Ulle, was born on October 25, 1905, at Washington, D. C. He married on November 23, 1929, to Evelyn Hay Lyles, who was born on December 6, 1904, the daughter of Carrie Cecilia and Ashley Warren Lyles. Frederick Adelbert Ulle died on August 23, 1963, funeral services were held in St. Andrew's Episcopal Church of Arlington, Virginia, and internment at Cedar Hill Cemetery. They had one son:

(1) Frederick A. Ulle, Jr., was born on October 2, 1936. He married on October 20, 1956, Linda Lee Williams, who was born on February 14, 1938. They have a daughter, Sherrie Lee Ulle, who was born on January 5, 1959, and a son, Ronald Frederick Ulle, who was born on August 1, 1962.

9. MINNIE MAY ULLE, was born in 1870 and died in 1927.

10. HENRY (Harry) M. ULLE, was born in 1866 and died in 1928.

11. MARGARET EMMA ULLE, was born on February 10, 1884, she married Howard Donath, a son of August Donath and had one daughter, Marion Donath Beall. Marion died on November 9, 1953, and her mother Margaret E. Donath, died on February 24, 1962, both are buried in Crypts at Cedar Hill Cemetery, Maryland.

